Draft Revised National Electricity Rules or Law Guidance*

6.5.2/6A.6.2 Return on capital principles

- (a) The return on capital for each regulatory year is calculated by applying a rate of return specified in, or calculated in accordance with the applicable Rate of Return Instrument for that regulatory year to the value of the regulatory asset base for the relevant [distribution system/transmission system] as at the beginning of that regulatory year (as established in accordance with [clause 6.5.1/6A.6.1 and schedule 6.2/6A.2).
- (b) In making a *rate of return instrument*, in addition to the matters in section 18L of the *National Electricity Law*, the AER must have regard to the following:
 - (i) The allowed rate of return objective, that the rate of return for a Distribution Network Service Provider/Transmission Network Service Provider] should be commensurate with the efficient financing costs of a benchmark efficient entity with a similar degree of risk as that which applies to the [Distribution Network Service Provider/Transmission Network Service Provider] in respect of the provision of standard control services;
 - (ii) the use of a weighted average of the return on equity and the return on debt for each regulatory year;
 - (iii) relevant estimation methods, financial models, market data and other evidence relevant to the determination of the rate of return in accordance with Part 3, Division 1B of the *National Electricity Law* and this clause [insert];
 - (iv) if a return on equity is to be determined, prevailing conditions in the market for equity funds:
 - (v) if a return on debt is to be determined, a methodology which results in:
 - (1) the return that would be required by debt investors in a benchmark efficient entity if it raised debt at the time or shortly before the making of the [distribution/transmission] determination for the regulatory control period;
 - (2) the average return that would have been required by debt investors in a benchmark efficient entity if it raised debt over an historical period prior to the commencement of a *regulatory year* in the *regulatory control period*; or
 - (3) some combination of the returns referred to in subparagraphs (1) and (2); and
 - (vi) any impacts (including in relation to the costs of servicing debt across regulatory control periods) on a benchmark efficient entity referred to in the allowed rate of return objective that could arise as a result of changing the methodology that is used to estimate the return on debt from one regulatory control period to the next.

^{*} It is proposed that equivalent principles apply to the National Gas Law or Rules.